No. P. 3194—Legis. 66-32-5 Bangalore, dated the 5—6th January 1934.

Ordered that the accompanying Regulation to amend the Mysore Lunacy Regulation, 1916, which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja, on the 29th day of December 1933, be published as Regulation No. XII of 1933 in the *Mysore Gazette* for general information.

H. V. RAMASVAMI.
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

REGULATION No. XII OF 1933.

(Received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja on the 29th day of December 1933.)

A Regulation to amend the Mysore Lunacy Regulation, 1916.

Preamble. Whereas it is expedient to amend the Mysore Lunacy Regulation, 1916; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short Title. 1. This Regulation may be called the Mysore Lunacy (Amendment) Regulation, 1933.

Amendment of section 3. 2. In sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Mysore Lunacy Regulation, 1916 (hereinafter referred to as the said Regulation), the figures and letter "10-A" shall be inserted between the figures "7" and "14."

Amendment of section 4. 3. After sub-section (1) of section 4 of the said Regulation, the following proviso shall be added:—

"Provided that in cases in which one of the certificates is signed by the Superintendent of the Mental Hospital and he certifies that the alleged lunatic is in immediate need of treatment in the Hospital, the application for a reception order may be made to the Magistrate within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the Hospital is situated."

Addition of a new section as 10-A. 4. After section 10 of the said Regulation, the following section shall be added:—

Urgency orders. "10-A. (1) In cases of urgency where it is expedient for the welfare of the person alleged to be lunatic that the alleged lunatic shall be forthwith placed under care and

treatment, he may be received and detained in the Mental Hospital upon an urgency order, made (if possible) by the husband or wife or by a relative of the alleged lunatic, accompanied by one medical certificate.

(2) An urgency order may be signed before or after the medical certificate.

(2) If an urgency order is not signed by the husband or wife or by a relative of the alleged lunatic, the order shall contain a statement of the reasons why the same is not so signed and of the connection with the alleged lunatic of the person signing the order, and the circumstances under which he signs the same.

(4) No person shall sign an urgency order unless he is at least twenty-one years of age and has within two days before the date of the order personally seen the alleged lunatic.

(5) An urgency order may be made as well after as before a petition for a reception order has been presented. An urgency order, if made before a petition has been presented, shall be referred to in the petition, and if made after the petition has been presented, a copy thereof shall forthwith be sent by the petitioner to the Magistrate to whom the petition has been presented.

(6) An urgency order shall remain in force for seven days from its date: or if a petition for a reception order is pending, then until the petition is finally disposed of.

(7) An urgency order shall have sub-joined or annexed thereto, a statement of particulars and shall be in the form perscribed.

MIRZA M. ISMAIL,
Dewan.

Order No. P. 3193—Legis. 34-33-3, Bangalore, dated the 6th January 1934.

Ordered that the accompanying Regulation further to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja, on the 29th day of December 1933, be published as Regulation No. XIII of 1933, in the *Mysore Gazette* for general information.

By Order,
H. V. RAMASVAMI,
General Secretary to Government.